# MINUTES OF A MEETING OF THE LEARNING AND SKILLS SCRUTINY COMMITTEE HELD AT BY ZOOM ON MONDAY, 24 JANUARY 2022

PRESENT: County Councillor P Roberts (Chairman)
County Councillors B Davies, S C Davies, E Roderick, L Roberts, R G Thomas,
J Berriman, A Jenner, DW Meredith, J M Williams.
Co-Opted members A Davies, S. Davies and M Evitts

Cabinet Portfolio Holders In Attendance: County Councillors P Davies (Portfolio Holder for Education and Property) and A W Davies (Portfolio Holder for Finance and Transport)

Officers: Lynette Lovell (Director of Education), Eurig Towns (Senior Challenge Advisor), Wyn Richards (Scrutiny Manager and Head of Democratic Services), Marianne Evans (Senior Manager - Education Services), Delyth Jones (Challenge Advisor), Anwen Orrells (Senior Manager - Education Services), Emma Palmer (Head of Transformation and Communications), Sarah Quibell (Professional Lead for Education Support Services), Hayley Smith (Service Manager for Inclusion and Youth Services) and Sharon Hughes (Senior Foundation Phase Advisor)

## 1. APOLOGIES

Apologies for absence were received from County Councillors K Roberts-Jones and T Van-Rees (other Council business).

## 2. DISCLOSURES OF INTEREST

There were no declarations of interest from Members relating to items for consideration on the agenda.

## 3. DECLARATIONS OF PARTY WHIP

The Committee did not receive any disclosures of prohibited party whips which a Member has been given in relation to the meeting in accordance with Section 78(3) of the Local Government Measure 2011.

## 4. WELSH IN EDUCATION STRATEGIC PLAN (WESP)

## **Documents Considered:**

Welsh in Education Strategic Plan (WESP) – Report of the Portfolio Holder for Education and Property.

## **Issues Discussed:**

- Consultation on the draft WESP undertaken between September and November 2021. The responses received are included in the report which included responses from a number of organisations and National Organisations such as Community Councils, governing bodies and Mudiad Ysgolion Meithrin and RhAG (Parents for Welsh Medium Education).
- The main amendments suggested included:
  - strengthening the introduction section.
  - linking it more clearly with the strategy for Transforming Education,

- making better linkages with the Local Development Plan and other key Council strategies and policies.
- more detail about the outcomes especially about Outcome 1 (Early Years) and to identify areas of the county where there are gaps or areas where there is a need for improvement.
- transition rates for Years 6 and 7 have been included for each school.
- updated information around secondary school developments.
- The main themes from the consultation are general support for the ambition of the WESP. The view of Estyn is also included.
- More detailed information is required about key actions and including timescales. The Council has been careful not to put too much detailed information in the WESP, as this is a ten year strategy. In addition, for each outcome a detailed action plan will be developed.
- There was concern about pupil transition rates and does the Council have sufficient Welsh speaking staff to deliver the aims of the WESP.
- A number of local issues were also raised.
- Should Cabinet approve the document it will be submitted to Welsh Government for scrutiny and approval. If approved, it would become operational from 1<sup>st</sup> September 2022.

#### Outcome 1.

• This Outcome is around more three year old children receiving their education through the medium of Welsh. Whilst all outcomes are important, it is pre-school / early years which is where it all starts and therefore this is the cornerstone of the strategy.

Question	Response
P15-16 – the statistics do not add up.	The figures will be checked and a response
September 2020 - 358 funded Welsh	provided.
Medium early year places (24.4%).	This could be to do with the numbers of
January 2021 - 372 places but the	funded places and the numbers of pupils
percentage goes down to 24.2%. P16	entering early years at the beginning of term.
April 2021 - 390 places and 24.4%.	The number of funded places is going up but
Can this be explained.	the numbers entering early years Welsh
Carrame se explamed	Medium provision is not increasing as much
	hence the percentage would decrease.
Do we have figures for September	The figures for September 2021 are available,
2021 and January 2022 which could	and the figures for January 2022 should be
be added to the document.	available, but will need to check that all the
be added to the document.	•
	pupils have taken up their places.
Flying start – will this be available in	Flying start providers have submitted their
the Welsh Medium school in	tenders to the childcare team but it is not
Welshpool when it opens.	known if Ysgol Gymraeg y Trallwng has been
BTEC post 16 childcare started in	successful or not as yet.
September. It would be helpful to	BTEC – was offered on the post 16 offer for
know numbers of students and where	all learners in September 2021 via E-Ysgol.
is it located i.e. across the county or	However, no pupils have taken it up.
in one location.	Currently the Service is marketing the course
The document states that the next	and sharing information in preparation for
tendering round will apply for funding	September 2022. The course would be

for training teachers to improve language skills. Does that include supply cover for the member of staff who is training. If not this could discourage staff from undertaking the training.

When is audit of all early years staff Welsh Language skills going to take place.

Concern about the lack of granularity in some of the projections. Going forward outcomes are much vaguer which is expected over a ten year plan. There is no mapping of the losses and gains in Welsh language provision that the Council is aware of. The WESP highlights that one of the challenges is around areas of Powvs where there is not much easily accessible provision such Presteigne and East Radnorshire. The WESP is aligning itself with the transformation process. As example Dolau School which is the accessible school to east Radnorshire is marked for closure where there is current Welsh Language early years provision. The loss of these places is not transparent in the WESP. Should the WESP be more specific about gains and losses in the plan about Welsh Medium provision.

delivered through E-Ysgol so would be available across all of Powys.

Setting cover – training is offered and cover would be provided for staff.

Audit of language skills – will be included in more detailed plans as from September.

Recommended – amending document to reflect that BTEC course offered but that no pupils took it up in September 2021.

There is a need to look at areas where there is a critical mass so that growth can be achieved and sustained and the authority would be looking at the main towns to develop Cylch Ti a Fi and Cylch Meithrin provision.

If the authority is looking at towns, the 24 existing Ti a Fi Groups are mostly established in villages where there is development from the community. Why are we so confident that developing in the towns is where there is the groundswell of support.

Whilst provision in East Radnorshire has been removed there is nothing specific in the plan to replace the provision in East Radnorshire. We need to be more realistic in the WESP about this.

Its about strategic planning of the whole of the continuum to develop provision from the early age. There are Cylch Ti a Fi provision scattered around the county, but the authority needs to work with its partners to see where there are places where the main opportunities are and growth can be sustained.

This is the strategy. The more detailed proposals will follow. The aspiration is to increase Welsh Language provision across the county, but this will be easier in some areas than others. We need to work with partners and 13 localities to take this forward over the ten years. It will be important to include a baseline to see how far we've moved in the delivery of the strategy.

There is a new Cylch Ti a Fi in Llandrinio. Would be interested to know how many are attending it as

Recommendation – if the Council is working with such groups should we not support some generic material to jointly

the advertising for it was limited. If we want to introduce these groups elsewhere, we need to better explain what the group is about to communities to attract people to attend.

promote the opening of new facilities in a community.

Transition and development – do you have any observations as to how transition between pre-school and primary is progressing. Is there improvements and what are the plans for improvement in the future.

The figures received from Mudiad Methrin is that about 90% of pupils are transferring from Welsh Medium early years to Welsh Medium primary education in 2020. The authority does not have the figures for 2021 as yet.

Recommended – if the figures become available before the strategy is approved by Welsh Government could they be included.

Do we have any indications about whether there are areas of concern in terms of numbers entering Welsh Medium early years which could cause issues for Welsh Medium primary education in future.

Most of the Welsh Medium early years provision is fairly stable but they are small numbers. The authority is working with settings to ensure their continuity and hopefully this provision will not be lost in the future.

The strategy is aiming for 100% transition from Welsh Medium early years provision to Welsh Medium primary provision but much of this is about providing information to families and promotion. The authority has already improved its promotional materials and RhAG has recently received a grant to aid local authorities with promotion and information sharing.

Promotion is the key for early years and providing an understanding for parents of what early years provision is. Leadership also has a key role and communications with parents and carers so they have an understanding about language acquisition.

As part of the new online admissions process (which will be live in September 2022) information is included about the benefits of Welsh Medium education to support parents in their decision making.

A grant was received from Welsh

It was promoted but the pilot could only take on twelve pupils. The pilot has been

Government for Trochi.

#### Outcome 2

#### Question Response We have dual stream schools and want The target for outcome 2 is to increase to move to Welsh Medium primary Year 1 pupils from 22.6% being educated schools. What plans do we have to bring through the medium of Welsh to 36% the next tier of potential Welsh Medium which means 163 additional pupils in Year 1 educated through the medium of primary schools into being. Welsh which is a challenging target. There is a pilot already in Ystradgynlais where there is a reception class in September 2021 that started through the medium of Welsh and there is an ambitious vision as well at Ysgol Bro Caereinion to develop Welsh Medium provision but this is subject to agreement the aovernina bodv consultation. This will be to increase the offer of Welsh Medium in the reception classes of some of our dual stream schools To have sustainable Welsh Medium There needs to be the promotion of the Secondary Schools we will need more advantages of bilingualism, ensuring Welsh Medium primary pupils. How do support for parents and then moving you intend to grow the provision over schools along the continuum. Also Trochi this period at primary level where you provision will be important. The data will are identifying a need for a Welsh show the increase which has already medium High School. occurred in dual stream schools. All three categories of schools in Powys have a large part to play in increasing the numbers of Welsh speakers in the County. How we move schools along the language continuum depends on the nature of that school. There will be a need to work with schools so if there is Welsh Medium staffing capacity there at a school to see if this can be developed becoming a Welsh Medium school. Working with individual schools is key to the development and the intention. A Trochi class was established in It was a pilot immersion (Trochi) scheme Newtown last year which has been which was established during covid. This successful. However, there has been no is a pilot in Newtown to develop resources and staff and to evaluate its promotion of the opportunities for primary children in North Powys about effectiveness as the project progresses, this provision. This should have been and a report will be produced at the end.

promoted in all primary schools. If this

provision is to continue are steps being

taken to promote this facility.

Can we move forward immediately from the pilot to a full time provision or will another cohort start again in April. When will the next cohort start, so there is no gaps in provision.

The outcomes and objectives start with the aim of "more" children through the Medium of Welsh at each stage. Are the figures projected on previous figures or where do they come from. If a provision is closing where else is it rising. Would like to have seen more specific detail about increases. Most children in Welsh Medium provision now are there because the opportunity was available i.e. it was there rather than it was offered. Also there needs to promotion and also opportunities in all areas and that provision needs to be of a high quality to attract people. More detail needed on location, opportunity and quality.

What evidence do we have from discussions with parents that there is a demand for the numbers proposed.

Are you confident that you can recruit enough staff to achieve this provision. (Outcome 7)

extended until February. Communication will be key to promote the effect of this pilot and Trochi is something the Council wants to expand across the county. We also need to ensure these pupils continue their journey to a Welsh Medium education.

Trochi / Immersion is a major part of the strategy and will be a part of the strategic plan going forward. It is important to plan Trochi according to need. The need was clear with the eleven and the progress has been good. Should there be a further need we can address this. Promotion of the Welsh Language is a key in the WESP.

From September 2022 one opportunity will be the new curriculum. The aspiration is for all learners to use the Welsh language as part of the 4 purposes. Bilingualism needs to be normalised in Wales and the WESP as a strategic plan hopefully supports that vision.

Estyn in 2019 identified that we had to improve Welsh Medium provision. There is inequity and uncertainty currently about Welsh Medium provision. Therefore, we need to ensure that the provision is available in all places, should parents want to take this up.

We are one of the local authorities where Welsh Medium provision is not growing as significantly as in most other authorities which is of concern. Estyn now feels that the strategy can deliver what we need to do in Powys to develop provision is enhanced and progressed and provides opportunities in 13 clusters / locations as well as an equality of provision. Estyn were clear that there needs to have a strategic plan to address the pathway of provision.

Developing staff is key. There have been some sabbaticals for staff but there needs to be an improved offer for professional development. Workforce development is a key element to seeing this vision through plus making this an attractive offer for people to come and live and work in Powys.

The section on workforce provision is

There is a workforce development plan

not smart. All the other sections have key milestones and targets, but in this section at year five there is a narrative rather than targets. Therefore, it does not set out what good looks like. This section needs further development.

What information do we have on Welsh Language proficiency skills of staff in schools. Do we have a baseline.

Could this data be included in the strategy

underneath this strategy with clear targets, setting out the needs in each area. Will take on board the need for more data regarding expectations, and add information from the workforce development plan.

We have this information across all schools in relation to staff, so we do have a baseline. Also have details of those staff who have undertaken training whose proficiency has improved. Yes this data can be included in the document. There is a lead in time to develop the workforce.

#### Comment:

• Should the Council be offering some attractive bursaries for people who are planning to undertake teacher training through the medium of Welsh in exchange for a commitment of three to five years commitment of working for the authority.

## **Outcome 3**

Question				
Only 14% of pupils	in the	Welsh		
stream transferred	from	Ysgol		
Trefonnen to sec	ondary	Welsh		
Medium provision and only 22% from				
Ysgol y Trallwng.	What ar	e the		
reasons and should we be worried				
about these figures and is there a risk				
about the projected figures for a Welsh				
Medium high school	in Buil	th not		
materialising.				

## Response

Historically there has been variable transition rates from Ysgol Trefonnen to the Welsh Medium provision. It could be argued that one reason for the nontransition is that the Welsh Medium secondary provision is not as accessible to the pupils i.e. Builth not Llandrindod. It could also be an issue of a lack of choice at Ysgol Calon Cymru, or a disparity in choice of subjects in Welsh Medium by comparison to English Medium. There are similar issues in Welshpool. Is it that students cannot see a full Welsh Medium provision. This is something the authority needs to work on and hopefully some of this understanding about demand will come out of the current review.

There is concern over all transition rates. Overall currently only 83% transfer from Welsh Medium provision to Year 7 provision. Another example would be Ysgol Dafydd Llwyd in Newtown where not all pupils transfer to secondary Welsh Medium provision.

The reason why the Ysgol Calon Cymru plans were included in the strategy is because they have been approved by Cabinet. However, in terms of refreshing

It is of concern that no information is available about why transition rates are low as it impacts on projected figures in the plan.

In relation to Ysgol Calon Cymru the proposals are currently out for engagement and by committing in a strategic document to a particular course of action, the concern would be that we could be boxing ourselves in.

Admire the ambition but this is the Cabinet's adopted plan. The question is where is the evidence for this plan by comparison to another plan. Should not any plan detailed in the document be evidenced.

Would like an explanation as to what is meant by equity of provision. What we should be looking at is equal access for everyone. To do this we need to fund bilingual education better. We might be able to have equal provision in 13 catchments at primary level, but it is not possible at in 13 catchments at secondary level without a Welsh and English Medium high school in each catchment.

the WESP this will need further discussion with Welsh Government as to its approach.

It is clear that drop off rates are about the inequity in secondary provision and a lack of a broad enough offer which the Council aspires to.

Regarding Ysgol Calon Cymru, Welsh Government would be expecting us to put our intention forward rather than not include it in the plan.

Although numbers are low, do we need to start somewhere and then create the numbers which will increase those numbers. The other additional challenge is the size of Powys and pupil numbers.

The early engagement work will help shape the proposal and provide the evidence. Further engagement work is going to be undertaken prior to a definite proposal being forthcoming.

In the WESP it states that the proposal for Ysgol Calon Cymru is subject to the statutory Schools Code, but will have the discussion with Welsh Government. The plans would not impact on the streams in Trefonnen and Rhayader as this would be against our own policy.

The plan is to develop Welsh Medium secondary provision at Caereinion for North Powys. Any changes to provision would need to go through the statutory Transformation process.

#### Comment:

- Detail in the plan about Ysgol Calon Cymru and the all Welsh provision at Builth. As we are at the pre-consultation stage, there is no evidence yet to support the model which will be suggested for consultation and engagement. Should this type of information be included in a ten year plan or should the plan just say that we are considering options rather than identifying a preferred solution.
- It was suggested that the plan include reference to the proposal to develop three all through Welsh Medium schools rather than detailing specific sites. Specific business cases would then be prepared for each of those schools.

## **Outcome 4**

	<b>D</b>
Question	Response
How confident are you that E-Ysgol is	The post 16 strategy has just been
the way forward to expand Welsh	published. One of the key elements is
Medium provision in smaller Welsh	that there we will ensure equity of
Language units. What is the uptake of	provision between both languages. This
E-Ysgol and how do you see this	will not be fully possible for September
developing in future as there is no	2022 but the authority might be able to
details of targets in the plan at present.	build more academic subjects through the
	medium of Welsh. There is a lack of
	vocational subjects at present which is
	being reviewed. Some schools have been
	working together to identify where the
	strength of provision is and where the
	offer can be broadened. The authority is
	also liaising with other authorities and by
	collaboration providing an additional offer
	for post 16 learners. It is not possible to
	provide figures of take up at present as
	the offer is still being developed.
	In relation to Key stage 4 there is little
	provision currently but it will be expanded
	in future.
	ACTION - need for smarter targets to
	be included as for other sections in
	the WESP.
Concerned about the small numbers	We wish we could say that more students
who chose to study Welsh at A Level.	were are choosing to study Welsh at A
This could impact on the numbers of	level, but this is an issue across Wales.
future Welsh teachers. What can we	The authority is trying to improve
do to encourage pupils to study Welsh	provision and also looking for
at A Level.	opportunities to promote to students the
	benefits of using Welsh outside the
	school as well promoting the benefits of
	pursuing Welsh Language courses as a
	career choice for the future not just for
	becoming a teacher.

**Outcomes 5 and 6** – Siarter laith and ALN. There are no changes in the document, but the previous scrutiny observations will be revisited for the Cabinet meeting. The ALN element is also short of measurable targets.

Scrutiny made the following observations:

- The Committee suggested that the following additional information should be included in the strategy:
  - Outcome 1 Early Years addition of pupil numbers for September 2021 and January 2022 (if available)
  - That although the BTEC courses had been offered that no pupils had taken up the offer in September 2021.
  - Baselines for current Welsh medium provision in catchments and measurable targets so that progress in developing provision can be

- assessed. Generally, this is an issue in the strategy as without sufficient data assurances about the progress of the plan cannot be provided.
- Outcome 2 (Reception Classes) the data included is only for one year. Additional historical data should be included to show trends.
- Additional measurable targets in the strategy such as for ALN.
- The Committee also suggested that the Council should offer bursaries / apprenticeships to pupils seeking to follow teaching careers through the medium of Welsh conditional on their remaining employed by the Council for a specified period once their training had been completed.
- That the Council seeks to support new Early Years Groups with generic information to promote the establishment of any new venues.
- The Committee supported:
  - that the promotion / marketing of the benefits of bilingual education was a key factor to ensuing the development of Welsh Medium education in Powys.
  - That workforce development was another key factor to delivering the strategy.
- The Committee questioned whether the proposal for Welsh language linked to Ysgol Calon Cymru should be included at this stage of the WESP as the proposal was at an early stage of consultation and thus not evidenced.
- The Committee accepted the suggestion that the details for the locations of proposed Welsh Medium secondary provision be replaced in the strategy with the aim to establish three all through Welsh Medium schools in the county.
- The Committee expressed concern:
  - That few Welsh Medium courses were on offer through E-Ysgol at Key Stage 4.
  - Regarding the few numbers of pupils studying Welsh medium A level courses which could impact on numbers wishing to pursue their future careers through the medium of Welsh including teaching.

## **Scrutiny's Recommendations to Cabinet:**

- 1 that the additional data suggested together with baselines and measurable targets be included in the strategy
- 2 that the Council should offer conditional bursaries / apprenticeships to pupils wishing to teach through the medium of Welsh
- 3 that the Council seeks to support new Early Years groups by the provision of generic information to promote the establishment of new venues
- 4 that the details for the locations of proposed Welsh Medium secondary provision be replaced in the strategy with the aim to establish three all through Welsh Medium schools in the county

Councillor A Jenner left meeting 4.07 p.m.

## **Documents Considered:**

Estyn Thematic Review – Covid Education Response to Covid 19 and Lessons Learned.

## **Issues Discussed:**

- The report covers the issues which had to be addressed such as emergency childcare hubs, collaborative working, health and safety, task and finish group between services working with the Unions. The report shows the themes which came out of all aspects of the work.
- Digital learning there were different ways of delivering digital learning and it was learned that this was dependent on the needs at the time.
- Impact of new ways of working including collaboration and consultation.
- Well-being was a key priority for lessons learned and will be key priority moving forwards.
- Team around the hub which became the Team around the cluster and how effective this was for joint delivery of support to vulnerable learners.
- There are key themes from both reports regarding how the authority works with its schools.
- Digital working and new ways of working led to a different way of engaging with schools and has had a positive impact.

#### Question Response It was identified that there were pupils Resources were provided to pupils during Covid. Out of 880 families, over 1300 that were digitally disadvantaged. Are devices were distributed to those families. pupils still digitally disadvantaged today outside the Some found it difficult to get connectivity even though they were provided with wi-fi pandemic by comparisons to others devices. Schools then adjusted how they same cohort. Are supported these pupils as well. Some maintaining a log of those pupils so if we are in the same position again we considered to were be vulnerable can respond to them quickly and how learners so they could access the are we supporting them today if they childcare hubs at schools. Others allowed have no access to the internet at them to come into the school to download work so they could work at home home. although not online. Schools continue to have updated lists of pupils with digital connectivity issues so if pupils need to move to distance or blended learning thev address the learning needs for those pupils. All schools will be tracking their pupils' For those pupils who are digitally disadvantaged, are we monitoring performance so will be ensuring that all their performance and are we taking pupils can access their learning outside this digital advantage into account if school either digitally or on-line and they are not progressing as expected. making adjustments to make sure that Is this a new risk indicator which that the pupils are not being should be monitored. disadvantaged. Currently when the school improvement advisors visit schools they ask about pupils who did not engage in learning or those who found it difficult to access

Training undertaken to support children with their health and wellbeing - what monitoring has there been of that training. Will this training be continued and monitored going forward and how it impacts on a pupil's progress.

learning. Those who were able to access the childcare hubs or to be engaged in their learning have progressed well and most of those are returning to where they are expected to be in terms of progress. Those who disengaged in their learning for a number of reasons have found it more difficult to re-engage in their learning as they have returned to school, and schools are using their accelerated learning grant to target interventions to assist those pupils.

Training has changed due to the needs of well-being and because health and wellbeing is central to the curriculum for Wales. The Welsh Government has released its whole school approach to emotional health and well-being for schools and therefore the focus on this was going to change. The report contains a list of the types of training being offered but this is not a one-off. The authority is committed to rolling out the trauma informed approaches to all schools. In addition, the authority is utilising grant money to ensure a system of supervision of those working with pupils. These are now permanent features in schools, but it is important that schools focus on its particular needs.

In terms of evaluation the authority has moved to using the Kirkpatrick model of evaluation, to be able to assess what is and not working well. Therefore, there is a stronger method of evaluating the training that is being delivered.

Anecdotally and through data it is clear that the pandemic has had some impact on the behaviour of pupils, and pupils presenting with greater needs and the authority is needing to respond to that.

This is a positive report and the Service has changed and improved things as the pandemic has progressed. What is not in the lessons learned report is what the Service might do differently in the future if this happened again.

The Service's Management Team has reviewed and evaluated what happened over the pandemic. One of the things changed was following a review of the cluster hubs following the first lockdown, and when hubs were required a second time they were based on the pupils' own school.

The way the authority responded to the pandemic was good, and what has been learned has been positive. Collaboration

works and has been effective and improved during the pandemic. Digital working has been effective for communications. With hindsight there are not many things that the authority would do differently. This was also dependent on the support provided to the Schools Service by other Council services.

Every time we go into the next phase of the pandemic we have adjusted what we do and have had to adapt each time. The strength of this is the work which has been done with the schools and the authority has been supported by and worked in unison with the schools. This is the most important thing learned.

With the dependency on technology, how much has this improved. With the changes in the provision of ICT, as ICT is so important in schools, it is hoped that we get changes to ICT right and schools are supported.

The authority is still working with schools to ensure that by the end of term they will have selected an IT provider for their hardware service. Powys will continue to support their core services. There is a need to make sure that schools have quality equipment for pupils to access especially as digital skills is one of the key skills in the new curriculum.

Pupil performance - the majority of pupils at the level at which they are expected to be. How confident are you of that. Are there any particular geographic areas which have highlighted issues. How the is accelerated learning grant being spent and are there assurances that pupils will be progressing expected in 18 months' time.

Cannot give assurances into the future. Schools are indicating that at the end of the summer term most pupils were reengaging with their work and were at a level they were expected to be. Since the autumn school improvement advisors have been able to get into schools and talk to staff and pupils and see work being produced by pupils and further assessments. This where is assurance is coming from that things are returning to where they should be, i.e. information from schools and verification by advisors.

In relation to accelerated learning grants, schools have been asked what they are spending it on and what impact it is having on pupils. However, there are still pupils who have been negatively impacted by the pandemic and need extra support.

PPE and safety of staff and pupils. During the pandemic there have only been a few instances of classes and schools closing. Can you give an assurance that the well-being of

Yes the authority has taken a cautious approach throughout the pandemic. The Service has worked with schools and teaching unions to ensure that health and safety and well-being issues were

pupils and staff will be given a long term priority as we move out of the current wave of Covid.	addressed. As restrictions are lifted the authority will continue to work cautiously and ensure that risks are minimised.
The second report was requested so that the learning was captured and available for new Members moving into the new Council. Would you	The Director of Education commented that this document could be annexed to the Service's business continuity plans.
consider working with the Emergency Planning team to turn this lessons learned document into a working contingency plan for any future pandemic.	ACTION: recommended that the lessons learned document be developed into a working contingency plan for any future pandemic.

#### **Comments:**

- Pleased to see this report and Estyn recognise how quickly the authority moved and embraced digital working and how much progress has been made. This also reflects how the school community has changed its way of working and that the interactions and partnerships have moved forwards after Covid and are transitioning into business as usual.
- This more cluster based working is positive as far as delivery of the new curriculum is concerned.
- Even with the pandemic the Service continued with business as usual and made significant improvements following the improvement journey required as a result of the pervious Estyn inspection. An example is ALN where previously it was a service that needed significant improvement to now being seen by Estyn as an example of a service that should be shared with other authorities.
- The Chair commended the Director of Education for her interaction and openness with scrutiny and group leaders during the pandemic.
- The Chair highlighted the work of the ALN team and the significant level of improvement achieved since the Estyn inspection. The Chair paid tribute to the team for this improvement.

## **Outcomes:**

Recommended that the lessons learned document be developed into a working contingency plan for any future pandemic.

## 6. COVID UPDATE - LESSONS LEARNED

This report was considered with the previous Covid report under item 4.

## 7. WORK PROGRAMME

The Committee noted that future meetings would be held as follows:

01-02-22 10.00 – 12.00	Draft Budget
11-02-22 14.00 – 16.00	Alternative Budget (Provisional)

Feb / March	
02-03-22	A.M. ALN Strategy and Readiness for the Act  Curriculum for Wales and Professional learning – update (Sally Llywellyn / Lynette)  P.M. Bro Cynllaith
29-06-22	
20-07-22	Q1 Performance and Risk Secondary School Strategy
21-09-22	
26-10-22	Q2 Performance and Risk
14-12-22	

County Councillor P Roberts (Chairman)